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## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1.	A method of defining a phase shifting mask, the method
2	comprising:	
3		defining critical poly regions and adjoining poly, the critical
4	poly regions	being regions desired to be defined by phase shifting;
5		creating phase regions on either side of the critical poly
6	regions;	

- assigning phase angles to the phase regions such that the phase regions have either a first phase angle or a second phase angle; defining edges of the phase regions being assigned the second phase angle, the edges not defining a poly pattern; defining a boundary region around the defined edges; and
- defining regions outside a desired poly pattern, phase regions, and boundary region to have the first phase angle, wherein the desired poly pattern, phase regions, and boundary region define a mask.
- The method of claim 1, further comprising enhancing the phase regions assigned a phase angle.
- The method of claim 1, wherein enhancing the phase regions assigned a phase angle includes reducing the effect of transition regions by moving transition regions away from the critical poly regions.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the first phase angle and the second phase angle of the phase regions are assigned phase angles 180 degrees from each other.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the step of defining a boundary around the defined edges includes defining a boundary around edges having phase 180.

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- 1 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of defining a 2 boundary around the defined edges comprises forming a chrome path.
- 1 7. The method of claim 1, further comprising defining break locations where phase transitions are most likely to occur.
  - The method of claim 7, wherein the break locations have a width that permits patterning and inspection.
  - The method of claim 1, further comprising generating a trim
    mask to remove undesired patterns between regions of the first phase
    angle and the second phase angle.
  - 10. A method of generating phase shifting pattern to improve the patterning of gates and other layers needing sub-nominal dimensions, the method comprising:

defining critical areas;

creating phase areas on either side of the critical areas;
assigning opposite phase polarities to the phase areas on
each side of the critical areas:

enhancing phase areas with assigned phase polarities; defining break regions where phase transitions are likely to occur;

generating polygons to define other edges and excluding the defined break regions;

merging the generated polygons with enhanced critical gate areas having a common phase polarity;

separating the polygons having interactions with more than one polarity into portions which are merged into regions having only one polarity;

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8	constructing a boundary region outside of phase 180
9	egions; and
0	defining undefined regions as phase 0 regions.

- 11. The method of claim 10, further comprising: correcting design rule violations; and applying optical proximity and process corrections to phase
- 4 regions to allow proper pattern generation.
  - 12. The method of claim 11, further comprising generating a trim mask to remove undesired patterns between phase 0 and phase 180 regions outside of a desired pattern.
- The method of claim 12, wherein the generating is done by
   oversizing boundary and break regions.
- 1 14. The method of claim 10, wherein the break regions are about a minimum width of a desired poly pattern.
  - The method of claim 10, wherein enhancing critical areas
     with assigned phase polarities includes adding edges to the critical areas.
- 1 16. A method of enhancing clear field phase shift masks with a 2 border around outside edges, the method comprising: 3 assigning phase polarities to phase regions;
- defining edges of the assigned phase regions;
  establishing a boundary around the added edges; and
- assigning area outside of the established boundary to havephase zero.
- 1 17. The method of claim 16, wherein defining edges of the assigned phase regions includes defining break regions where phase
- 3 transitions occur and generating polygons including edges but excluding

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- break regions, wherein the polygons are merged with the assigned phase
   regions.
- 1 18. The method of claim 17, further comprising curing design rule violations and applying correction procedures.
- 1 19. The method of claim 17, further comprising generating a trim
  2 mask to remove undesired patterns between phase 0 and phase 180
  3 regions.
- 1 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the generating is done by 2 oversizing the boundary and break regions.
  - A integrated circuit formed by a process comprising: defining phase areas including adjoining poly areas located proximate to critical areas;

assigning a first phase angle to the phase areas;
defining remaining poly edges as part of the phase areas;
defining a boundary around the defined phase areas, the
areas outside the boundary being assigned a second phase angle, wherein
the phase areas, the boundary, and areas outside the boundary defining a
mask, wherein the first phase angle and the second phase angle are
different;

curing violation areas and applying correction procedures to appropriate areas on the mask; and patterning a structure on the integrated circuit using the

patterning a structure on the integrated circuit using the

1 22. The integrated circuit formed by the process of claim 21, wherein the second phase angle is zero.